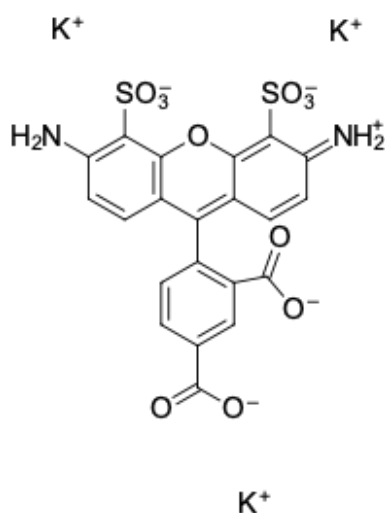


AF 488 carboxylic acid

<http://www.lumiprobe.com/p/af-488-carboxylic-acid>

AF 488 is a bright green-fluorescent dye that is commonly used in microscopy and cell assays because of its photostability. AF 488 can be used with [DAPI](#) and is well suited to multiplex assay. AF 488 has high quantum yield and stable fluorescence within the pH range from 4 to 10.

AF 488 carboxylic acid is a non-reactive AF 488 form that can be used as a reference standard in experiments where AF 488 conjugates are used. The carboxylic acid can be also used for the synthesis of activated esters [such as sulfo-NHS, TFP (2,3,5,6-tetrafluorophenol) and STP (4-sulfo-2,3,5,6-tetrafluorophenol)] or modified with hydrazines, hydroxylamines, or amines in aqueous solutions using water-soluble carbodiimides. Thus, this derivative can be conjugated to molecules that contain amino groups, such as proteins, antibodies, and peptides. Therefore, AF 488 carboxylic acid is used during solid-phase peptide synthesis for peptide modification *in situ* in the presence of activating agents such as HATU.



Structure of AF 488 carboxylic acid

General properties

| | |
|---------------------|--|
| Appearance: | orange crystals |
| Molecular weight: | 648.75 |
| Molecular formula: | C ₂₁ H ₁₁ K ₃ N ₂ O ₁₁ S ₂ |
| IUPAC name: | 4-(6-amino-3-iminio-4,5-disulfonato-3H-xanthen-9-yl)isophthalate |
| Solubility: | good in DMSO, DMF |
| Quality control: | NMR ¹ H, HPLC-MS (95%) |
| Storage conditions: | Storage: 12 months after receipt at -20°C in the dark. Transportation: at room temperature for up to 3 weeks. Avoid prolonged exposure to light. |

Spectral properties

| | |
|--|-------|
| Excitation/absorption maximum, nm: | 495 |
| ε, L·mol ⁻¹ ·cm ⁻¹ : | 71800 |
| Emission maximum, nm: | 519 |
| Fluorescence quantum yield: | 0.91 |
| CF ₂₆₀ : | 0.16 |
| CF ₂₈₀ : | 0.10 |